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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/901,279	07/09/2001	Kimikazu Fujita	NAK1-BP41	7575
21611 7590 09/28/2007 SNELL & WILMER LLP (OC) 600 ANTON BOULEVARD SUITE 1400 COSTA MESA, CA 92626			EXAMINER	
			SHEPARD, JUSTIN E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2623	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
•			09/28/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/901,279	FUJITA, KIMIKAZU			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Justin E. Shepard	2623			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08 Au	uaust 2007.				
<u> </u>					
' =	<u> </u>				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,9,11,12 and 14-24</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4,9,11,12 and 14-24</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)		•			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Fatent Application			

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/8/07 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 8/8/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicant argues that the program maps taught by Eldering are different than the scripts claimed in the application. Eldering discloses a system wherein the advertisements are transmitted and stored on specific user's STBs and are then played at a specific time. The program maps taught by Eldering are interpreted as providing instructions to the STBs to perform the actions that are similar to the scripts claimed by the applicant.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

1. Claim 24 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eldering in view of Swix.

Referring to claim 24, Eldering discloses a broadcasting method for reducing television receiver latencies in displaying an interactive content portion of broadcast television commercials, the method comprising the steps of:

assigning a television program to a first time slot and a commercial to a second time slot immediately after the first time slot (figure 5);

allocating a first portion of the available bandwidth of the first time slot to audiovisual content of the television program (column 10, lines 37-45);

allocating a second portion of the available bandwidth of the first time slot to a specific program having interactive content for a commercial (column 10, lines 37-45; column 6, lines 40-44);

allocating a first portion of the available bandwidth of the second time slot to the specific program (figure 5; column 10, lines 37-45);

allocating a second portion of the available bandwidth of the second time slot to audiovisual content of the commercial (figure 5; column 10, lines 37-45);

transmitting the audiovisual content of the television program during the first time slot (figure 5; column 10, lines 37-45));

repeatedly transmitting the specific program during the first time slot (column 10, lines 37-45);

transmitting the audiovisual content of the commercial during the second time slot (figure 5; column 7, lines 29-37; column 10, lines 37-45); and repeatedly transmitting the specific program during the second time slot (figure 5), transmitting a script for storing the specific program (column 6, lines 40-44), transmitting a script for executing the specific program (column 7, lines 29-37 and 65-67), and

receiving and storing the specific program at the television program (column 6, lines 40-44).

Eldering does not disclose a method for transmitting the data in a carousel format.

In an analogous art, Swix teaches a method for transmitting the data in a carousel format (column 9, lines 32-44).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to add the carousel transmission taught by Swix to the method disclosed by Eldering. The motivation would have been that commercials are normally repeated during a single day of broadcasting, where a carousel format allows for a efficient way to transmit the data.

2. Claims 1, 2, 4, 9, 11, 12, and 14-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eldering, U.S. Patent Number 6,615,039 in view of Suzuki in view of Swix.

Referring to claim 1, Eldering discloses a broadcasting apparatus (column 2, lines 35-38; figure 2, parts 211 and 209) that broadcasts a specific program to which a reproduction time period between a starting time and a finishing time is specified (figure 7, box labeled "PROGRAMMING"; figure 9; Note: the time for inserting the advertisement listed in the "Insert Time" column indicates that the program from figure 7 must have a planned start and stop time), the reproduction being performed by a receiving apparatus (figure 2, part 209), the broadcasting apparatus comprising: allotment unit operable to allot a broadcasting bandwidth for the reproduction time period to the specific program (column 9, line 67, column 10, lines 1-3) and allotting a part of the broadcasting bandwidth for a preceding time period immediately before the reproduction time period to the specific program and the other part of the broadcasting bandwidth to another program (column 10, lines 2-3, 8-10; figure 7, part AD1 and signals running from part 802 to 806):

script generation unit operable to generate, (a) when the receiving apparatus receives a storage instruction, a script for storing program data of the specific program in a storage unit of the receiving apparatus (column 7, lines 28-30; column 10, lines 8-10; Note: a device that stores advertisements would inherently have an instruction that caused the device to store the advertisement),

message generation unit operable to generate a plurality of storage instructions and a reproduction instruction (figure 3, part 301; column 5, lines 28-43; column 6, lines 40-44);

transmission unit operable to, transmit a normal program that includes a video stream and an audio stream, and further in accordance with the result of allotment by the allotment unit, repeatedly multiplex (figure 7) program data of the other program with the normal program and transmit a first multiplexed result while multiplexing the program data of the specific program and the script with the normal program and transmitting a second multiplexed result in the preceding time period (column 10, lines 37-41; Note: sending the data whenever there is spare bandwidth is being interpreted as being equivalent to repeatedly sending data), and repeatedly multiplex the program data of the specific program and the script with the normal program and transmit the second multiplexed result in the reproduction time period (column 10, lines 37-41),

and control unit operable to control the transmission unit to transmit the storage instructions in the preceding time period and to transmit the reproduction instruction at the starting time (figure 3, part 301; column 5, lines 28-43 column 6, lines 40-44)),

wherein the specific program has the program data that relates to a commercial message which is inserted in the normal program (column 6, lines 40-44), and the reproduction time period of the specific program is the same as a broadcast time period of the commercial message (column 7, lines 41-46; Note: Eldering shows that a commercial could be broadcast at 1.5 Mbps, while the program itself would require 27-155 Mbps. If the commercial was 0.5 minutes, and the program was 29.5 minutes than the program would need to be broadcast at 88.5 Mbps (if the program and commercial were shown at the same resolution), which falls within the range of 27-155 Mbps and is

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interpreted as the commercial and the program being broadcast during the same time period).

Eldering does not disclose a system with script generating means for generating,

(b) when receiving a reproduction instruction, a script instructing the receiving apparatus to reproduce the program data of the specific program in a case where the program data of the specific program has been stored in the storage unit.

In an analogous art, Suzuki teaches a system with script generating means for generating, (b) when receiving a reproduction instruction, a script instructing the receiving apparatus to reproduce the program data of the specific program in a case where the program data of the specific program has been stored in the storage unit (column 23, lines 22-25; Note: a script is interpreted as being a set of instructions for an application (Microsoft Computer Dictionary) and the instructions taught by Suzuki are interpreted as being equivalent to a script).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use the reproduction controls from Suzuki in the broadcasting apparatus disclosed in Eldering. The motivation for doing this would have been to enable the cable network to control which programs were authorized to play on which subscriber's systems.

Eldering and Suzuki do not disclose a system for transmitting the data in a carousel format.

In an analogous art, Swix teaches a method for transmitting the data in a carousel format (column 9, lines 32-44).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to add the carousel transmission taught by Swix to the method disclosed by Eldering and Suzuki. The motivation would have been that commercials are normally repeated during a single day of broadcasting, where a carousel format allows for a efficient way to transmit the data.

Claims 9, 12, and 15-23 are rejected on the same grounds as claim 1.

Referring to claim 2, Eldering discloses an apparatus of Claim 1, wherein the allotment unit allots the broadcasting bandwidth for the preceding time period so that the part of the broadcasting bandwidth becomes narrower than the other part of the broadcasting bandwidth (column 7, lines 29-37; Note: as the advertisement gets downloaded the bandwidth for the program is going to decrease), and the preceding time period is longer than a time period that is necessary for transmitting the program data of the specific program at least once using the part of the bandwidth (column 7, lines 31-32; Note: advertisements being downloaded shortly in advance is being interpreted as equivalent to downloading them in a shorter amount of time than it takes to reproduce them).

Referring to claim 4, Eldering discloses an apparatus of Claim 1, further comprising: a storage unit for storing as the program data of the specific program (a) first contents data that makes up the specific program (figure 5, "AD1") and (b) second contents data that is different from the first contents data in part (figure 5, "AD2"),

wherein the transmission unit transmits the first contents data in the preceding time period and transmits the second contents data in the reproduction time period of the specific program (column 7, lines 29-34).

Referring to claim 11, Eldering discloses an apparatus of Claim 9, further comprising: storage unit operable to store as the program data of the first specific program (a) first contents data that makes up the first specific program (figure 5, "AD1") and (b) second contents data that is different from the first contents data in part (figure 5, "AD2"), wherein the transmission unit transmits the first contents data in a time period other than the first time period in the total time period, and transmits the second contents data in the first time period (column 7, lines 29-34).

Referring to claim 14, Eldering discloses an apparatus of Claim 12, further comprising: storage unit operable to store as the program data of the first specific program (a) first contents data that makes up the first specific program (figure 5, "AD1") and (b) second contents data that is different from the first contents data in part (figure 5, "AD2"), wherein the transmission unit transmits the first contents data in a time period preceding to the first time period in the total time period, and transmits the second contents data the first time period (column 7, lines 29-34).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Justin E. Shepard whose telephone number is (571) 272-5967. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30-5 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Kelley can be reached on (571) 272-7331. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JS

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